Trenders
FY 2023 (Full year)
Financial Report
Presentation Material
Pr all
May 14, 2024

# トレンドを捉え，新しい時代を創る <br> Capturing trend，Create new ERA． 



## Company Profile

Company name Trenders, Inc.
Establishment April 2000
Share capital 629.75 million yen (as of March 31, 2024)
Director

Outside Director Moriu Ishikawa, Tetsuya Honda, Ryuji Yokoyama
No. of employees 197 (No. of full-time and contract employees as of March 31, 2024)
Address

Subsidiaries
CLEMENCELABORATORY, Inc., CARAFUL, Inc., Ryoukakai General Incorporated Association

## Management Policy

## 1 <br> Creating new value in society through business development that is in line with consumer and market trends.

2
Seeking to create businesses and organizations that continue to grow over the medium to long term.

Placing priority on maximizing shareholder value at all times, and delivering proactive and stable shareholder returns.

Seeking to be an advanced company in Diversity \& Inclusion (D\&I) by promoting flexible working styles and organization management that emphasizes diversity.

## Overview of Trenders Group

$\square$ Operating two business segments: Marketing and Investment
■ CARAFUL Inc. became a wholly-owned subsidiary on April 1, 2023, and develops marketing business services specializing in TikTok

*Sales composition ratio in FY2023

## Marketing Business Areas

$\square$ We are developing two fields in the Marketing Business: beauty marketing and medical marketing

## Marketing Business Areas

## Beauty marketing

Digital and SNS marketing support for clients in the beauty category


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Sharing marketing know-how

## Medical marketing

Marketing and DX support for selffunded medical treatment clinics and the development and sale of clinic-exclusive products
$\square$
ClEMENCE HERRAS ${ }^{\oplus}$
LABORATORY
Japan


FY2023 (FY ended March 31, 2024)
Financial Results

## Financial Summary (Full year)

Revenue increased by $3.7 \%$ and gross income increased by $16.8 \%$ as the growth of the Marketing Business compensated for the decrease in sales and income in the Investment Business

| Group | Revenue 5,673 million yen (YonY+3.7\%(*2)) | Gross income 3,061 million yen (YonY+16.8\%) | Operating income 788 million yen (*1) (YonY -22.0\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Continued growth in beauty marketing led to $\mathbf{+ 1 6 . 9 \%}$ revenue and $\mathbf{+ 2 3 . 0} \%$ gross income Operating income decreased due to business investments such as large advertising investments in MimiTV

## Marketing Business

| Revenue | Gross income | Operating income |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5,544 million yen | 2,988 million yen | 848 million yen |
| $\left(\right.$ YonY $\left.+16.9 \%\left({ }^{* 2}\right)\right)$ | $($ YonY +23.0\%) | $($ YonY $-9.6 \%)$ |

Income and profit decreased due to the impact of two sales of operating investment securities in the previous fiscal year (sales of 642 million yen and operating income of 103 million yen) and the recording of a valuation loss on operating investment securities ( 50 million yen) in the fourth quarter
Investment
Business

| Revenue <br> 129 million yen | Gross income <br> 72 million yen <br> (YonY -61.7\%) | Operating income <br> 70 million yen <br> (YonY -82.3\%) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

*1. Total segment operating income and consolidated operating income do not match because there are company-wide expenses that are not attributable to any segment *2. Calculated on the basis of net sales for the same period of the previous fiscal year, assuming that some transactions in the Marketing Business changed to net due to changes in the contents of contracts from the current fiscal year
Trendels

Financial Results Summary (Full year)

| (Unit: million yen) | FY2022 | Fiscal year ending March <br> 2024 | YonY |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue (Gross) | 9,088 | - | - |
| Revenue (Net) | $5,471_{\left({ }^{*}\right)}$ | 5,673 | $\mathbf{+ 3 . 7 \%}$ |
| Marketing Business | 4,742 | 5,544 | $\mathbf{+ 1 6 . 9 \%}$ |
| Investment Business | 729 | $\mathbf{1 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{( 8 2 . 3 \% )}$ |
| Gross income | 2,620 | 3,061 | $\mathbf{+ 1 6 . 8 \%}$ |
| Marketing Business | 2,430 | $\mathbf{2 , 9 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{+ 2 3 . 0 \%}$ |
| Investment Business | 190 | $\mathbf{7 2}$ | $\mathbf{( 6 1 . 7 \% )}$ |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 1,609 | $\mathbf{2 , 2 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{+ 4 1 . 3 \%}$ |
| Operating income | 1,011 | $\mathbf{7 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 2 . 0 \% )}$ |
| Ordinary income | 1,022 | $\mathbf{7 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 4 . 3 \% )}$ |
| Net income attributable to owners of the <br> parent | 708 | $\mathbf{4 7 9}$ | $\mathbf{( 3 2 . 3 \% )}$ |

*Values for the same period of the previous year are stated as reference values on the assumption that the accounting method has been changed from the beginning of the previous fiscal year for some transactions in the Marketing Business, which have changed to net accounting due to changes in the contents of contracts from the current fiscal year

## Difference Between Forecast and Results (Full year)



## Revenue (Net) (Full year)

- Revenue (Net): 5,673 million yen (+3.7\% YonY)
- Although the Investment Business saw a sharp decline in revenue ( $-82.3 \%$ YonY), the beauty category, which is our focus area, grew by $\mathbf{+ 2 3 . 7 \%}$ YonY, and revenue in the Marketing Business increased by $\mathbf{+ 1 6 . 9 \%}$ YonY

*For certain transactions in the Marketing Business which have changed to net accounting due to changes in the contents of contracts from the current fiscal year, revenue changes are assuming that the accounting method changed from FY2020


## Gross Income (Full year)

■ Gross income: 3,061 million yen (+16.8\% YonY)

- Although the Investment Business saw a sharp decline in income (-61.7\% YonY), the beauty category, which is our focus area, saw an increase in income of $\mathbf{+ 2 7 . 9 \%}$ YonY, and gross income in the Marketing Business increased by +23.0\% YonY
Unit: million yen


3,061
Unit: million yen

■ Marketing Business
*Gross margin: Profit by deducting only outsourcing expenses directly linked to the provision of goods and services from revenue

## SG\&A Expenses (Full year)

■ SG\&A expenses: 2,273 million yen (+41.3\% YonY)
■ Personnel expenses increased YonY due to increased recruitment as the Marketing Business grew, and advertising expenses increased due to large advertising investment in MimiTV


[^0]
## Operating Income (Full year)

■ Operating income: 788 million yen (-22.0\% YonY)
■ Positioned as an investment to achieve the Medium-term Management Plan (operating income of 2 billion yen by FY2025), we actively invested in the beauty marketing and medical marketing areas, resulting in a decline in income

Unit: million yen


## Increase / Decrease in Operating Income (Full year)

$\square$ Gross margins in the beauty category, which is our focus area, and in the medical marketing area, which is a new business for us, increased, while gross margins outside the beauty category and in the Investment Business decreased
■ There was an increase in personnel expenses due to an increase in employees resulting from business growth, the implementation of large scale promotion for MimiTV TVCMs, etc., an increase in SG\&A expenses due to investment in the medical marketing area, etc.


## Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent \& ROE (Full year)

■ Net income attributable to owners of the parent: 479 million yen ( $-32.3 \%$ YonY),
ROE: 12.8\% (-10.2 percentage points YonY)
■ Seeking to increase ROE continuously with an awareness of capital cost and capital efficiency


## Gross Margin by Service (Beauty marketing area/full year)

■ As a result of the strategic focus on the beauty category, gross margin by service in the beauty marketing area for FY2023 grew steadily: +21.5\% for influencer marketing, +33.7\% for MimiTV, and $\mathbf{+ 2 7 . 9 \%}$ for the beauty category as a whole

*2. Gross margin of influencer marketing and MimiTV includes relevant SNS advertising

## Gross Margin Composition in the Beauty Category

■ Strategically specializing in the beauty category resulted in a gross margin composition ratio by industry of more than $80 \%$ in the category


## Number of Employees / Gross Margin per Employee (Beauty category/full year)

■ For FY2023, the number of employees (*1) increased by $9.6 \%$ YonY, the gross income per employee in the Marketing Business increased by $8.2 \%$, and the gross margin for the beauty category (*) increased by $14.8 \%$
Unit: persons [Number of employees/Gross margin per employee]200


FY2022 Fiscal year ending March 2024

## Full Year

Unit: thousand yen

- Medical marketing / Other

Corporate/ Investment Business

- Beauty marketing
- Gross margin per employee (beauty category)

Gross income per employee (Marketing Business)
*1. In order to calculate productivity more accurately, employees on maternity and childcare leave were excluded from the number of regular and contract employees, and the same calculation method was adopted for the previous fiscal year
*2. Gross margin per employee is calculated from the average number of employees for the full year and the total gross margin for influencer marketing (beauty category) and MimiTV
*Gross margin on this page refers to profit by deducting only outsourcing expenses directly linked to the provision of goods and services from revenue

## Balance Sheet

■ Cash and deposits cover about 15 months' worth of monthly fixed costs, and financial condition is sound with a capital adequacy ratio of $60.9 \%$

| (Unit: million yen) | As of March 31, 2023 | Fiscal year ending <br> March 2024 <br> End of Period | YonY |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current assets | 5,165 | $\mathbf{6 , 3 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{+ 2 3 . 8 \%}$ |
| Cash and deposits | 1,513 | $\mathbf{3 , 2 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{+ 1 1 2 . 0 \%}$ |
| Operational investment securities | 2,157 | $\mathbf{1 , 5 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 9 . 6 \% )}$ |
| Fixed assets | 262 | $\mathbf{3 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{+ 4 8 . 6 \%}$ |
| Total assets | 5,428 | $\mathbf{6 , 7 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{+ 2 5 . 0 \%}$ |
| Current liabilities | 2,031 | $\mathbf{2 , 6 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{+ 2 8 . 8 \%}$ |
| Fixed liabilities | 19 | 34 | $\mathbf{+ 7 8 . 5 \%}$ |
| Net assets | 3,377 | $\mathbf{4 , 1 3 7}$ | $\mathbf{+ 2 2 . 5 \%}$ |



## Revenue (Net) (Quarterly)

■ Revenue (net) in the fourth quarter (January to March): 1,453 million yen (+10.5\% YonY)
$\square$ Revenue for the Marketing Business increased significantly by $\mathbf{+ 4 8 . 2 \%}$ YonY due to the growth of influencer marketing and MimiTV

■ The Investment Business saw a -92.8\% drop in revenue YonY due to sales of operating investment securities

*For certain transactions in the Marketing Business which have changed to net accounting due to changes in the contents of contracts from the current fiscal year, revenue changes are assuming that the accounting method changed from FY2021

## Gross Income (Quarterly)

$\square$ Gross income in the fourth quarter (January to March): 760 million yen (+32.2\% YonY)
$\square$ Gross income for the Marketing Business increased significantly by $+50.3 \%$ YonY due to the growth of influencer marketing and MimiTV

- The Investment Business recorded a gross loss of 25 million yen due to a valuation loss on operating investment securities of 50 million yen
- Marketing Business Investment Business



## SG\&A Expenses (Quarterly)

$\square$ SG\&A expenses in the fourth quarter (January to March): 591 million yen (+26.0\% YonY)
$\square$ Personnel expenses increased YonY due to increased hiring in line with business growth

- Implementation of real events as part of efforts to increase awareness of MimiTV, with 61 million yen allocated for advertising expenses
$\square$ Personnel expenses recruitment expenses Business consignment fee Advertising expenses Rent Other


[^1]
## Operating Income (Quarterly)

■ Operating income in the fourth quarter (January to March): 169 million yen ( $+59.7 \%$ YonY)



03
FY2024 Earnings Forecast and Growth Strategy

## FY2024 Forecast

■ Revenue and operating income are expected to increase by $+13.7 \%$ and $+26.8 \%$ Yon $Y$, respectively, due to the continued growth of the Marketing Business
■ The capital and business alliance with istyle Inc. is not included in the forecast because it is difficult to calculate a reasonable amount at present

| (Unit: million yen) | Fiscal year ending March <br> 2024 <br> Result | FY2024 <br> Earnings forecasts | YonY |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue | 5,673 | $\mathbf{6 , 4 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{+ 1 3 . 7 \%}$ |
| Marketing Business | 5,544 | $\mathbf{6 , 2 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{+ 1 3 . 4 \%}$ |
| Investment Business | 129 | $\mathbf{1 6 5}$ | $\mathbf{+ 2 7 . 9 \%}$ |
| Operating income | 788 | $\mathbf{1 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{+ 2 6 . 8 \%}$ |
| Ordinary income | $\mathbf{7 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{+ 2 9 . 2 \%}$ |
| Net income attributable to owners of the <br> parent | $\mathbf{4 7 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{+ 2 9 . 3 \%}$ |

## Shareholder Returns

Dividend per share for FY2023 was 26 yen (up 4 yen YonY), increasing for eight consecutive years

- The basic policy of shareholder returns: Continuous increase in dividend per share and DOE of 4\% or more. Dividend for FY2024 is expected to increase to 27 yen (up 1 yen) per share

Dividend per share DOE


## Solutions to Offer for the Beauty Marketing Area

■ By combining beauty media MimiTV and the influencer network LIN with SNS advertisements, we provide an integrated solution that can respond to the marketing issues of cosmetics manufacturers in a unified manner


## Target Market in the Beauty Marketing Area

$\square$ The advertising market in the cosmetics industry, which is a target in the beauty marketing area, is about 580 billion yen in total

■ Accelerating the digital and SNS shift is expected to further expand our company area

*1. Source: "2023 Advertising Expenses in Japan" by DENTSU As the cosmetics and toiletries industry accounts for $8.3 \%$ of mass advertising expenses, we assume $8 \%$ of total advertising expenditures as for the cosmetics and toiletries industry.
*2. Source: "2023 Advertising Expenses in Japan" by DENTSU
As Internet advertising expenses account for $45.5 \%$ of the total expenses, we assume the beauty industry's Internet advertising expense rate at 45\%
*3. Gross sales

## Growth Strategy in the Beauty Marketing Area

■ Increase in the amount of orders received per brand and expand the number of brands traded through each initiative

| Increase in the amount of orders <br> received per brand |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Joint menu development with istyle Inc. | Collaboration with istyle Inc.

## Capital and business alliance with istyle Inc.

$\square$ On February 14, 2024, we entered into a capital and business alliance agreement with istyle Inc.

## İstyle

Building Japan's No. 1 beauty platform, including @cosme, one of Japan's largest beauty websites

## istyle Inc.

TSE Prime Market (Securities Code: 3660) Consolidated revenue 42.89 billion yen (as of June 2023)


Creating new customer experiences in the beauty industry and turning "beauty" into an industry and

## Business Model in Medical Marketing Area

■ Marketing and DX support for self-funded medical treatment clinics and the development and sale of clinic-exclusive products


## Status and Policy of Investment Business

$\square$ Seeking to raise the corporate value over the medium to long term by investing profits generated from the Investment Business into the Marketing Business
■ Taking into consideration duration risk, underwrite corporate bonds, mainly those that reach a redemption date in about six months, so that we can flexibly invest funds according to financing needs in our own business, M\&A, etc.
(Unit: million yen)
Operational investment securities as of March 31, $\quad 1,518$ 2024
(Breakdown)

| Corporate bonds | 1,300 | Corporate bonds redeemable in about six months, interest <br> rate of $6.0 \%$ per annum |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Investment limited <br> partnership interests | 6 | Aiming for return by increasing the interests and value of <br> the investment limited partnership |
| Equity shares | 211 | Investing in five startups |

## Medium-term Management Target (announced in May 2023)

■ The medium-term management target announced in May 2023 (to achieve an operating income of 2 billion yen by FY2025) will remain unchanged at present



## Trenders Value Creation Model



## Human Capital Management in Our Company

- We have maintained a high ratio of female employees since the company was founded in 2000, and promote a variety of working styles in line with women's work-life balance
- The ratio of female managers is the same as the ratio of female employees as a whole and is high for a Japanese company
- We achieve continued growth of the organization and human resources through high employee retention rates, such as maintaining a $100 \%$ reappointment rate after maternity leave
[Ratio of male to female employees] [Average age of all employees] [Remote work/in-office ratio]

[Ratio of male to female managers]


[Average age of managers]


[Reappointment rate after maternity leave]


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[^0]:    *Others: Maintenance, commission expenses, training expenses, taxes and dues, etc.

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